

Preventing Hospital Readmissions through Seamless Transitions of Care: the Benefit of Partnerships

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Mankato Clinic

Together we thrive.

Objectives:

- Describe challenges when patients are transferred to and from skilled nursing facilities
- Identify the positive impact of informal organizational partnerships in managing care transitions
- Discuss opportunities for partnerships in your own community

Mankato Clinic

- 10 locations in 5 communities
- Over 135 physicians/healthcare providers
- Primary care services offered at 6 locations
- Over 20 specialties offered
- 725+ employees
- Caring for south central MN patients for over 95 years
- Locally and independently owned by our physicians

Ecumen Pathstone Living

- Care Center/SNF located in Mankato, MN
 - 69 beds (39 LTC, 30 STC)
- Assisted Living
 - 82 apartments (21 Memory Care)
- Home Care
 - 230+ Clients
- 260+ Employees

- Established in 1937 as a Nursing Home for Women

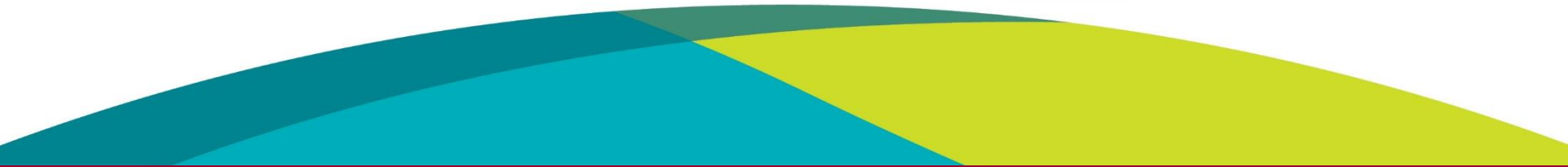


History of our partnership

- Identifying the players
 - 6 SNF's
 - Mankato Clinic
 - MCHS – Mankato hospital
 - Blue Earth County Public Health
- Identifying the issues
- Tackling the issues
- Formalizing our structure

The Issues: Care Transitions

- Hospital to SNF
- SNF to Hospital
- SNF to Home
- Home to SNF



The hospitalized elderly today.....



Erma is going to be discharged to a skilled nursing facility at 11 A.M. tomorrow.

What could go wrong with this transfer of care that would put Erma at a risk for readmission??



Admission to the SNF

Transitions of care – Hospital to SNF:

What is important.....

- **Communication**
 - Pending referral vs. actual referral
 - Timing of hospital discharge
 - Plan of care, incomplete referral forms
- **Provider assignments** and handoffs
 - Who covers in the interim?
 - Problems with incomplete orders
 - Patients hospitalized with Specialty Care only
- **Medication reconciliation**
 - Medication lists not accurate
 - Home medications not included
 - Incomplete information
 - Dose ranges
 - Pain medication requirements – scripts, pain management needs

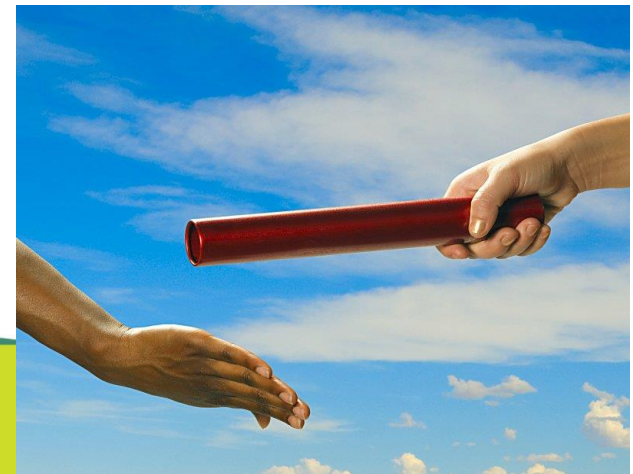
Action Plan: Communication

- Complete Referrals
- Timely notification re: pending discharges
- Contact information on Referral Form for follow up



Action Plan: Provider Handoffs

- Hospitalist Responsibility: 24 hours after discharge
- A hospitalist will be consulted for **all** patients admitted to acute care
- Standing Order coverage
- SNF provider team scheduling
 - PCP follow up within 7 days of discharge



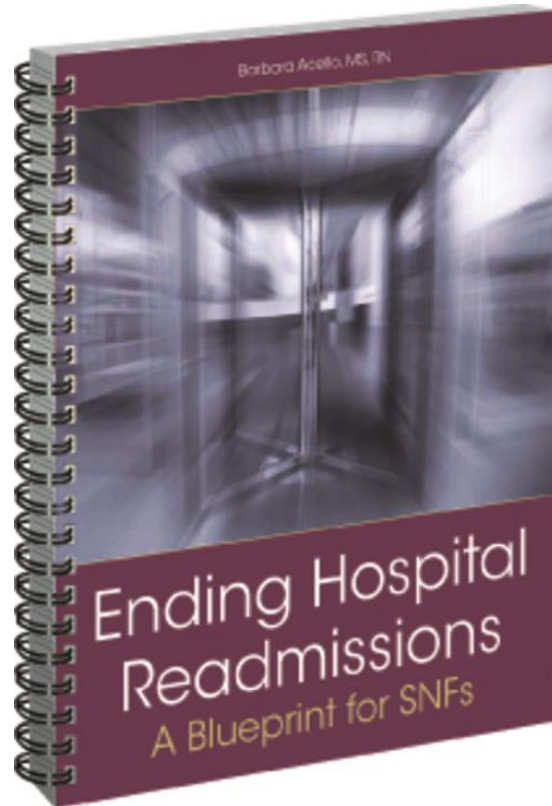
Action Plan: Medication Reconciliation

- Hospitalist to order **all** medications
- Hospitalist to write prescriptions for one week
- Medications cannot be ordered as dose ranges.
- Hospitalists to include reason for taking medication
- Patients to be assessed for pain and medicated before discharge to SNF

Transitions of Care: SNF to Hospital



How do we decrease readmissions?



2016 Research study:

Purpose: Identify opportunities for process improvements and education that may help prevent ED visits, hospitalizations, and readmissions

Ouslander, J. et al. (2016). Lessons learned from root cause analyses of transfers of skilled nursing facility (SNF) patients to acute hospitals: Transfers rated as preventable versus nonpreventable by SNF staff. *Journal of the American Medical Directors Association*, 17, 256-262.

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jamda.2015.11.018>

Method:

- 64 SNF's collected data on readmissions using standardized tool
- 4856 RCA's on hospital transfers collected over a 12 month period

Ouslander et al. (2016)



Findings:

- Transfers precipitated by multiple symptoms
- Family preference accounted for 16% of transfers
- No trends on day of week admission
- 29% occurred on evening or night shift
- 20% occurred within 6 days of SNF admission
- 23% were identified by staff as “potentially preventable”

Opportunities for improvement:

- 23 % Changes could have been detected earlier
- 18% Communication could have been better
- 36% Condition could have been managed in the SNF with available resources
- 27% Earlier discussion of preferences/advance directives

Recommendations:

- Train nursing staff in structured communication (SBAR approach)
- Use evidence based order sets for managing changes in conditions
- Promote earlier discussion of patient preferences and advance directives

Why were our patients readmitted?

Studying the data:

- Inpatient vs. ED only
- Discharge DX from SNF
- Readmit DX
- Provider ordering readmit
- Date of discharge
- # days post hospital
- Date/time/day of week of readmit
- Date of SNF provider apt (length of time between admit to SNF and when provider SNF visit)
- Clinic/PCP

Outcome	Original Admission	Last Admission Date	Hospital Discharge	Date of Transfer	Length Of Stay	Dr Visit
Admitted, Observat	12/23/2015 14:00	1/1/2016 15:44		1/6/2016 10:30	5	1/5/16&1/11/16
Admitted, Inpatient	1/6/2016 13:00	1/6/2016 13:00	1/6/2016 0:00	1/24/2016 11:42	18	1/11/2016
Admitted, Inpatient	8/15/2013 12:19	2/17/2016 14:00	2/17/2016 0:00	3/4/2016 16:00	16	2/22/2016
Admitted, Inpatient	11/19/2015 18:00	2/25/2016 14:00	2/25/2016 0:00	3/11/2016 11:53	15	2/29/2016
Admitted, Inpatient	3/7/2016 13:00	3/10/2016 11:56	3/7/2016 0:00	3/12/2016 22:30	5	None
Admitted, Inpatient	3/11/2016 12:00	3/11/2016 12:00	3/11/2016 0:00	3/12/2016 23:30	1	None
Admitted, Observat	3/3/2016 12:00	3/3/2016 12:00	3/3/2016 0:00	3/24/2016 16:20	21	None
Admitted, Inpatient	3/9/2016 11:00	3/9/2016 11:00	3/9/2016 0:00	3/29/2016 17:51	20	3/14/2016
ED Visit Only	12/23/2015 14:00	12/23/2015 14:00	12/23/2015 0:00	1/1/2016 10:32	9	
ED Visit Only	6/30/2015 12:00	2/24/2016 13:30	2/24/2016 0:00	2/25/2016 8:45	1	
ED Visit Only	3/7/2016 13:00	3/7/2016 13:00	3/7/2016 0:00	3/8/2016 14:56	1	

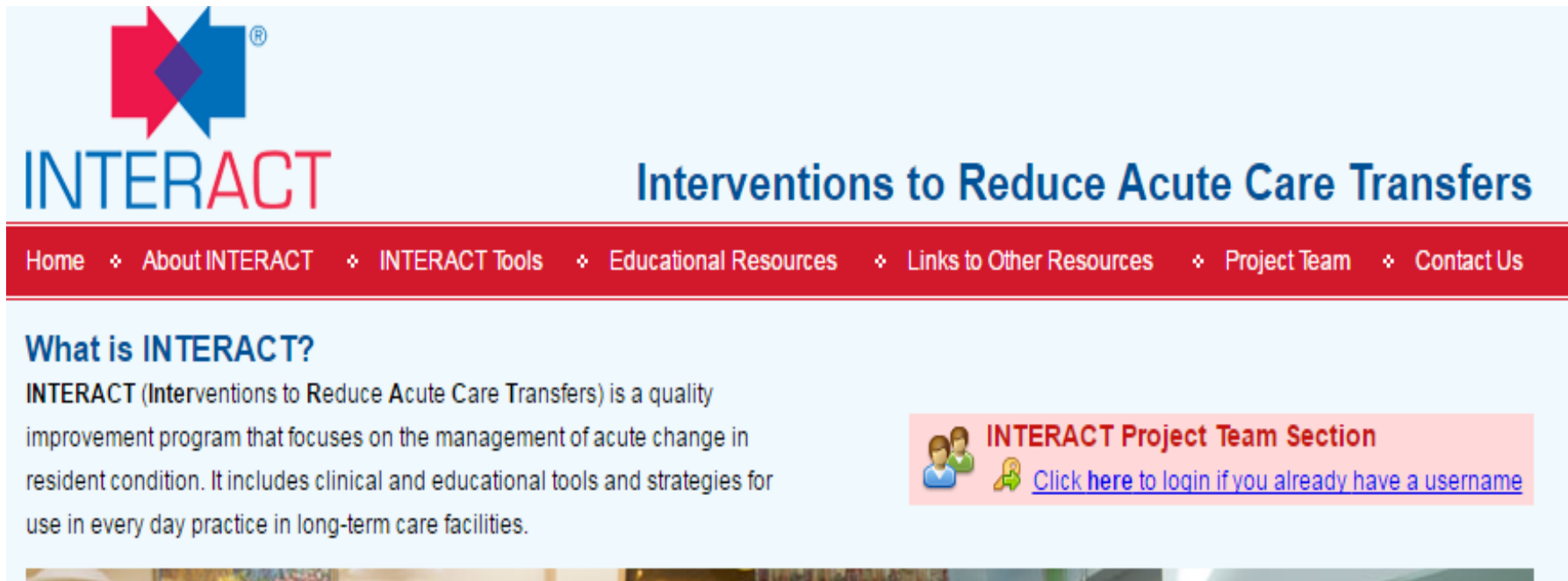
Our Findings:

- No trends
- Patients going to SNF's may be medically unstable
- Patients may be discharged too quickly
- Need for end of life care planning

Actions to Decrease Readmissions:

- Continued attention
- SNF nursing staff training for effective communication through <https://interact2.net>
- Encouraging end of life conversations and proactive planning with families
- SNF/Hospital collaboration re: timing of discharge

- <https://interact2.net/>



The screenshot shows the homepage of the INTERACT website. At the top left is the INTERACT logo, which consists of two overlapping arrows, one red and one blue, pointing towards each other. To the right of the logo is the text "INTERACT" in a large, bold, blue font. Below the logo and text is a red navigation bar with white text and diamond-shaped separators. The navigation bar contains the following links: Home, About INTERACT, INTERACT Tools, Educational Resources, Links to Other Resources, Project Team, and Contact Us. Below the navigation bar is a section titled "What is INTERACT?" in a bold blue font. The text below this title reads: "INTERACT (Interventions to Reduce Acute Care Transfers) is a quality improvement program that focuses on the management of acute change in resident condition. It includes clinical and educational tools and strategies for use in every day practice in long-term care facilities." To the right of this text is a pink rectangular box containing the text "INTERACT Project Team Section" in a bold red font. Below this text are two icons: one of two people and one of a person with a checkmark. To the right of these icons is a blue link that says "Click here to login if you already have a username".


INTERACT Interventions to Reduce Acute Care Transfers

Home ❖ About INTERACT ❖ INTERACT Tools ❖ Educational Resources ❖ Links to Other Resources ❖ Project Team ❖ Contact Us

What is INTERACT?

INTERACT (Interventions to Reduce Acute Care Transfers) is a quality improvement program that focuses on the management of acute change in resident condition. It includes clinical and educational tools and strategies for use in every day practice in long-term care facilities.

INTERACT Project Team Section

 [Click here to login if you already have a username](#)

Care Transitions: SNF to Home



Issues:

- Coordination of care after discharge
 - Home Care services
 - DME
 - Insurance coverage
 - Assisted Living options
- Timely scheduling of follow up appointments

Actions:

- Referrals for Care Management
- Include RN Care Managers in SNF Care Conferences
- Appointment with PCP within 3-5 days

Next steps:

- Continued Quarterly meetings
- Focus on Readmission Prevention
 - Use of standardized protocols
 - Staff education
 - End of Life conversations

Your takeaways:

- What barriers have you encountered?
- How can you partner in your own communities?

References:

- Ouslander, J., Naharci, I., Engstrom, G., Shutes, J., Wolf, D., Alpert, G., . . . Tappen, R. (2016). Root cause analyses of transfers of skilled nursing facility patients to acute hospitals: Lessons learned for reducing unnecessary hospitalizations. *JAMDA*, *17*, 256-262.
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